Workshop on Privacy Enhancing Technologies for the Homeland Security Enterprise Privacy-preserving Graph Analytics: Secure Generation and Federated Learning



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- Introduction: Privacy-Enhancing Tech (PETs) with Graphs
- Privacy-Preserving Graph Data Generation
- Federated Learning with Graphs
- Summary and Vision



Potential Challenges Threatening HSE

 Homeland Security Enterprise (HSE) is facing unprecedented challenges in multiple critical areas [1]



Sensitive Personal Information Fabricated Images and Videos

Disinformation

Human Trafficking

 Privacy-Enhancing Technologies (PETs) in data collection, sharing, and analysis are at the core of many decision-making processes in these areas

Graphs are Everywhere

• Graph data structure has the capability to represent the complex relationship between entities, in the big data era





Privacy-Preserving Analysis of Graphs

- In this presentation, we focus on **two areas**:
 - Privacy-Preserving Technologies for Linking Identities and Profiles
 - Multiparty Computation with Distributed Private Data Storage

Then, we introduce the **corresponding AI solutions** w.r.t current progress and future research directions:

- Privacy-Preserving Graph Generation
- Federated Learning with Graphs



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Use Case

• Description of Need:



- Privacy Enhanced Information Sharing: CISA@DHS may need to share the entity-interaction data to external scientists [4] or state/local government agencies [5] for
 - the analysis of threat and intelligence gaps
 - or developing new prediction tools
- Need to create hybrid (real and synthetic) data for privacy
- Al Solution: Privacy-preserving Graph Generation
 - Key idea: Sharing real graphs while hiding sensitive information OR only sharing the realistic generated data



[4] PETS4HSE Use Cases[5] Law Enforcement Information Sharing Service https://www.dhs.gov/sites/default/files/publications/privacy-pia-ice-leiss-july2019_0.pdf

Quick Wins

- Current Privacy-Preserving Graph Generation Techs in Two Classes
 - Topology-Guided Structure Perturbation
 - Randomizing the adjacency matrix [6]
 - Injecting the connection uncertainty [7]
 - DP-based permutating connection distribution [8]
 - Deep Learning Generative Models
 - Permutating gradient descent during the training process [9]

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[6] Ying et al.: Randomizing Social Networks: a Spectrum Preserving Approach. SDM 2008
[7] Nguyen et al.: Anonymizing Social Graphs via Uncertainty Semantics. CCS 2015
[8] Qin et al.: Generating Synthetic Decentralized Social Graphs with Local Differential Privacy. CCS 2017
[9] Yang et al.: Secure Deep Graph Generation with Link Differential Privacy. IJCAI 2021

Hard Problems

- In the real-world scenario, the networks or graphs are evolving
- Generating privacy-preserving temporal graphs are nascent, and at least three open questions need to be answered
 - Q1. What kind of **time-aware information** is **sensitive** to protect entities' privacy is not clear
 - Q2. When Q1 is determined, the time-aware protection mechanism is not yet available
 - Q3. After Q2 is designed, it is challenging to maintain the generation **utility** at the same time with privacy constraints
 - Possible Solution: Dynamic-Preserving Static Graphs + Quick-win



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Use Case

• Description of Need:



- Predict interest for criminal law enforcement [5]: Data from state/local government agencies to CISA@DHS
 - Transmit model parameters instead of real data for privacy
- Need a decentralized computational framework Federated Learning (FL) [10]
- Al Solution: Federated Learning on Graphs [11]
 - Key Idea: Robust Learning Models on Graphs, i.e., avoiding the vulnerability of decentralization

[10] Kairouz et al.: Advances and Open Problems in Federated Learning. Found. Trends Mach. Learn. 2021
[11] He et al.: FedGraphNN: A Federated Learning System and Benchmark for Graph Neural Networks. CoRR 2021
[12] Figure source: https://sparkd.ai/federated-learning

Quick Wins

- Replacing the gradients averaging with robust estimation of the center, Byzantine-robust method [13]
- But the above adaption is not clear for the non-IID data, two directions of quick wins
 - Observing the performance of existing non-IID Byzantinerobust methods on graphs, to study the impact of IID violation
 - Developing robust federated learning methods for graph data

Hard Problems

- Recent studies [14] show robust FL needs clean and nonsensitive data on the server for knowledge distillation
- Recently-proposed data-free distillation method [15] ignores the graph data's non-Euclidean property
- Both questions are challenging to address nowadays
- Possible Solution: Mapping graphs into grid-like data, and then using the off-the-shelf non-graph methods

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Promising Directions

- Providing next-generation privacy-enhancing technologies (PETs) for
 - Privacy-Preserving Complex Graph Generation
 - Robust Federated Learning with Graphs
- Aid from visual analytics for providing explanation and interpretation facing various audience
- Ultimately, a unified and integrated system to address critical security problems



[16] Ma et al.: A Visual Analytics Framework for Explaining and Diagnosing Transfer Learning Processes. IEEE Trans. Vis. Comput. Graph. 2021

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Thanks, and Q&A !



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